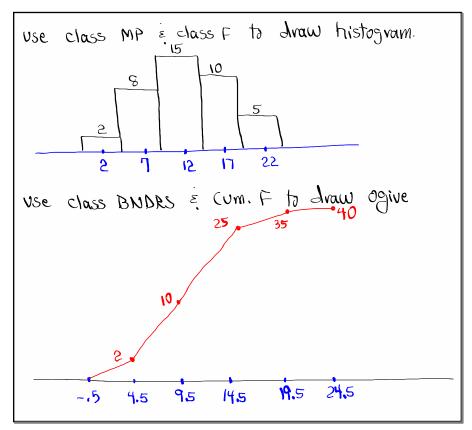
Statistics
Spring 2023
Lecture 5

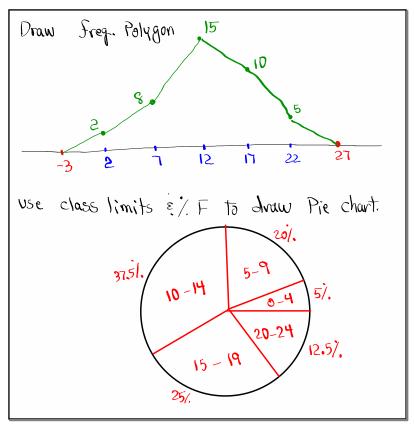


Feb 19-8:47 AM

Number of text messages sent/received from 5:00 to 8:00 pm by 40 randomly selected teenagers:						
Class Limits	Class Midpoints	Frequency	Cum. Freq.	Rel. Freq.	% F	
1 0 - 4	a.	2 —	32	-050	5%	
2 5 - 9	J	8 /	y 10	.200	20%	
3 10 - 14	15	15	2 35	،37 5	37.5/	
4 15 - 19	רו ל	10 /	35	•25 0	25%	
5 20 - 24	સ્ત્ર	5	40	.125	12.5%	
$n=40$, $25=40$ $2+8+10+5=25$ 5 classes $CW=5$ $Rel. F = \frac{5}{n} = \frac{5}{40}$ what $?$ of data are at least 5 ? $100/ 5/. = 95/.$ what $?$ of data are at most 19 ? $100/ 12.5/. = 87.5/.$ what $?$ of data are between 10 and 19 ? $37.5/. + 25/. = 625/.$						



Feb 13-7:29 AM



Feb 13-7:36 AM

Feb 13-7:42 AM

Consider the Sample below

2, 3, 4, 4, 8

1)
$$n=5$$

2) Range=8-2=6

3) Midrange= $\frac{8+2}{2}=5$

4) mode=4

5) $\sum x = 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 8 = 21$

6) Sind $\frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{21}{5} = 4.2$

7) $\sum x^2 = x^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 8^2 = 109$

8) Sind $\frac{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2}{n(n-1)} = \frac{5 \cdot 109 - 21^2}{5(5-1)} = \frac{104}{20} = 5.2$

9) Sind $\sqrt{}$ of the last answer.

 $\sqrt{5.2} \approx 2.280$

Feb 13-7:53 AM

Consider the Sample below

1 3 3 3 5 5 5 11

1)
$$\pi$$
 {\in \text{S}} \text{ a) Range: 11-1:10} \text{ 3) Midrange: \frac{11+1}{2}:6}

4) Mode: $3 = 5$ Bimodal

5) $\text{ \in \text{ x} = 1 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 11:36}$

6) $\text{ \in \text{ x} = \frac{36}{8} = \frac{41.5}{1.5}}

7) $\text{ \in \text{ x}^2 = 1^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 + 11^2 = 224}$

8) $\frac{\pi \text{ \in \text{ x}^2 = 1^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 + 11^2 = 224}}{8(8-1)}$

9) Take $\in \text{ os last answer.}$

9) Take $\in \text{ os last answer.}$$

Feb 13-8:02 AM

Mean
$$\rightarrow$$
 Average

Mean of a Sample $\overline{\chi}$ "X-bar"

 $\overline{\chi} = \frac{\sum \chi}{\eta} \xrightarrow{\bullet}$ Sum of Jota elements

Sample Size

Consider the Sample below

2, 4, 8,12, 18

1) $\eta = 5$

2) Range = 16

3) Midrange = 10

4) Mode = None

5) $\sum \chi = 2+4+8+12+18=44$

6) $\overline{\chi} = \frac{\sum \chi}{\eta} = \frac{44}{5} = 8.8$ Round to a whole #
 $\overline{\chi} \approx 9$

Feb 13-8:12 AM

Variance of a Sample
$$S^{2}$$

$$S^{2} = \frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^{2}}{n - 1}$$

$$S^{2} = \frac{m \sum x^{2} - (\sum x)^{2}}{m(n - 1)}$$
Consider the Sample below 1) $n = 5$

$$1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 20$$

$$3) \sum x^{2} = 1^{2} + 1^{2} + 1^{2} + 1^{2} + 1^{2} = 80$$

$$1) Sind S^{2} = \frac{m \sum x^{2} - (\sum x)^{2}}{m(n - 1)} = \frac{5.80 - 20^{2}}{5(5 - 1)} = \frac{0}{20}$$

$$1) Sind S^{2} = 10 = 0$$

$$10 \quad \text{Variance among shata elements}$$

$$10 \quad \text{Sind } S^{2} = 10 = 0$$

Feb 13-8:18 AM

Consider the Sample below

1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5

1)
$$m=8$$

2) Range = H

3) Midrange = 3

4) Mode = [2]3 H

5) $\geq \chi = 1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5$

Thi modal

$$= [34]$$

6) $\chi = \frac{\chi}{\eta} = \frac{34}{8} = [3]$

7) $\geq \chi^2 = \frac{1}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 5} = \frac{3}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4$

Feb 13-8:23 AM